



NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY
BANGLADESH

CSE-3104 LAB Report-03

Course Title: Compiler Design Lab

Course Code: CSE-3104

Submitted by:

Name: Istiak Alam

ID: 0692230005101005

Batch: CSE-20

Submission Date: 24-11-24

Lab Task Topic: Compiler Problem Solving using Lex

Submitted to:

Khorshed Alam

Lecturer, NDUB

Problem:

Write a YACC program to implement Grammar for a simple calculator.

Solution:

Code : –

```
// Lex File -> Calc.l //
%{
#include "y.tab.h" // Include Bison-generated header for token definitions
#include <stdlib.h>
extern int yylex(void); // Declare yylex(), generated by Flex
extern int yyerror(const char *s);

%}

%%

[ \t]+          { /* Ignore whitespace */ }
[0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)?([eE][+-]?[0-9]+)? { yylval = atof(yytext); return NUMBER; } // Match numbers, both
integer and floating-point

"+"            { return PLUS; }
"-"            { return MINUS; }
"*"            { return TIMES; }
"/"            { return DIVIDE; }
"^"            { return POWER; }
"("            { return LEFT; }
")"            { return RIGHT; }
\n            { return END; }

.              { return 0; } // Catch any unrecognized characters

%%

int yywrap(void) {
    return 1; // End of input
}

// Yacc File -> Calc.y //
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "y.tab.h" // Include Flex-generated header for token definitions

#define YYSTYPE int
%}

%token NUMBER
%token PLUS MINUS TIMES DIVIDE POWER
%token LEFT RIGHT
%token END

%left PLUS MINUS
%left TIMES DIVIDE
%left NEG
%right POWER

%start Input

%%
```

```

Input:
| Input Line
;

Line:
END
| Expression END { printf("Result: %d\n", $1); }
;

Expression:
NUMBER { $$ = $1; }
| Expression PLUS Expression { $$ = $1 + $3; }
| Expression MINUS Expression { $$ = $1 - $3; }
| Expression TIMES Expression { $$ = $1 * $3; }
| Expression DIVIDE Expression { $$ = $1 / $3; }
| MINUS Expression %prec NEG { $$ = -$2; }
| Expression POWER Expression { $$ = pow($1, $3); }
| LEFT Expression RIGHT { $$ = $2; }
;

%%

int yyerror(const char *s) {
    fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", s);
    return 0;
}

int main() {
    printf("Enter an expression:\n");
    if (yyparse()) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Parsing failed.\n");
    } else {
        fprintf(stderr, "Parsing successful.\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

Code Processing –

Step 1 : Open terminal in Linux and create a lex file named **calc.l**

⇒ **touch calc.l**

Step 1 : Open terminal in Linux and create a yacc file named **calc.y**

⇒ **touch calc.y**

Step 2 : After Writing those code save it and type command in terminal :

⇒ **lex calc.l**

⇒ **bison -d cal.y**

Step 3 : It will create a lex.yy.c & yyfile. Then next type command in terminal

⇒ **gcc -o calculator lex.yy.c cal.tab.c -lfl -lm**

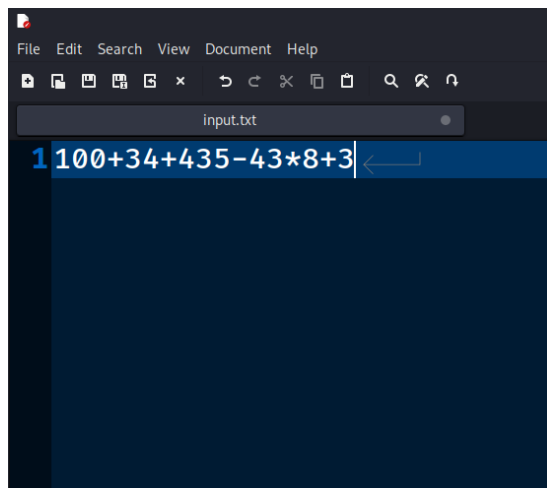
Step 4 : Then it will create an executable file named **calculator.exe**.

Step 5 : Next type command in terminal and run the exe file :

⇒ **./calculator < input.txt**

Input and Output:

1. We are using **input.txt** file for checking out inputs in this lexical analyzer.
2. In the **input.txt** file there are a simple program language –



3. After injecting the input, the output is –

```
kali@kali: ~/Documents/
File Actions Edit View Help
┌──(kali@kali)-[~/Documents/Calculator]
│  └─$ lex cal.l
│
│  ┌──(kali@kali)-[~/Documents/Calculator]
│  │  └─$ yacc -d cal.y
│  │
│  ┌──(kali@kali)-[~/Documents/Calculator]
│  │  └─$ bison -d cal.y
│  │
│  ┌──(kali@kali)-[~/Documents/Calculator]
│  │  └─$ gcc -o calculator lex.yy.c cal.tab.c -lfl -lm
│  │  cal.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
│  │  cal.tab.c:995:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-W
│  │    995 |         yychar = yylex ();
│  │         |                   ^~~~~
│  │  cal.tab.c:1184:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror';
│  │    1184 |         yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
│  │         |               ^~~~~~
│  │         |               YYerror
│  │
│  ┌──(kali@kali)-[~/Documents/Calculator]
│  │  └─$ ./calculator < input.txt
│  │  Enter an expression:
│  │  Result: 228
│  │  Parsing successful.
│  └─$
```